Standing Advisory Council for Religious Education

GWYNEDD ANNUAL REPORT

September 2020 - August 2021

Head of the Education Department

Mr Garem Jackson

CONTENT

SECTION 1: EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

1.1 Introduction by SACRE Chairman: Councillor Paul Rowlinson

SECTION 2: ADVICE TO ANGLESEY COUNCIL

- 2.1 SACRE's function in relation to Religious Education
- 2.2 The Locally Agreed Syllabus
- 2.3 How good are standards?
- 2.4 The response of Gwynedd Council
- 2.5 Religious Education and the Welsh Government
- 2.6 Religious Education and ESTYN
- 2.7 SACRE's function in relation to Collective Worship

SECTION 3: ANNEXES

- 3.1 General information about the composition of SACRE
- 3.2 Membership of Gwynedd SACRE 2020-21
- 3.3 SACRE meetings held during the reporting period
- 3.4 Guidance provided by Gwynedd SACRE to support the self-evaluation of standards in Religious Education and collective worship
- 3.5 Guidance provided by Gwynedd SACRE to members who attend collective worship in schools
- 3.6 Gwynedd SACRE action plan for 2017-20

SECTION 1: EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

SACRE's function in relation to Religious Education

A clear outline of SACRE's function is given in the Welsh Office Circular 10/94

SACRE advises the LEA on matters relating to the provision of Religious Education and Collective Worship, and is responsible for the establishment of an ad hoc body, the Agreed Syllabus Conference, to produce or consider amendments to the Agreed Syllabus for Religious Education.

1.1 Introduction by the Chairman

Councillor Paul Rowlinson Chairman, 2020/2021

SECTION 2: ADVICE to GWYNEDD EDUCATION DEPARTMENT

2.1 SACRE's function in relation to Religious Education

A clear outline of SACRE's function is given in the Welsh Office Circular 10/94.

SACRE advises the LEA on matters relating to the provision of Religious Education and Collective Worship, and is responsible for the establishment of an ad hoc body, the Agreed Syllabus Conference, to produce or consider amendments to the Agreed Syllabus for Religious Education.

2.2 The Locally Agreed Syllabus

Gwynedd and Anglesey SACREs have adopted the 'National Exemplar Framework for Religious Education for 5-19 year old learners' as the Locally Agreed Syllabus for Gwynedd and Anglesey (2008).

A SACRE's main function is '...to advise the authority upon such matters connected with religious worship in county schools and the religious education to be given in accordance with an agreed syllabus as the authority may refer to the council or as the council may see fit.'

Education Reform Act 1988 s.11 (1) (a)

2.3 How good are standards?

Gwynedd SACRE monitors religious education and collective worship by:

- receiving a summary of a school's self-evaluation report in response to the key questions of ESTYN's Inspection Framework;
- analysing the Local Authority's teacher assessments and secondary examination results;
- reviewing ESTYN inspection reports for references to 'religious education' or 'collective worship';
- inviting teachers and head teachers to share their good practices with members in the termly meetings, and by,
- accepting schools' invitations to attend a collective worship session.

2.3.1 Schools' self-evaluation reports

SACRE members resolved at their meeting on 9 February 2011, to continue to receive copies of schools' self-evaluation of religious education and collective worship and asked head teachers to use a revised template. Gwynedd SACRE, Anglesey head teachers and members of the National Advisory Panel for Religious Education (NAPfRE) have approved the new template which was redrafted in response to the new ESTYN Inspection Framework (Appendix 3.5). The SACRE clerk, who is an assistant education quality improvement officer with Gwynedd Council is responsible for distributing the template and collating the self-evaluation reports. Due to the COVID-19 pandemic ESTYN visits ceased during March 2020 and and did not re-start during the 2020 -2021 school year.

2.3.2 Teacher assessment and external examination results in the secondary sector

KS3 teacher assessments and KS4 and KS5 external examination results were not discussed during the SACRE meetings held in 2019-20.

2.4 Response of Local Authority

Mair Huws, Assistant Education Resources Officer for Gwynedd Council ensures that any guidance or recommenations made by Gwynedd SACRE is communicated directly to the primary and secondary head teachers.

An action plan for Gwynedd SACRE outlines the four priorities for 2017-20. The priorities were identified during the discussions held throughout the year and in the Annual SACRE report of 2016-17 and 2017-18. However during a period of budget cuts, there is no longer a local advisory service which can provide support and training for teachers who teach religious education and it is increasingly difficult for SACRE to be able to advise and support shools.

Priority 1: Curriculum for Wales, Humanities Area of Learning and Experience "What Matters' statements

Priority 2: Promote good quality collective worship

Priority 3: Professional support for Gwynedd SACRE?

Priority 4: Rich learning experiences – the contribution that local partners can make in order to develop and understanding of religious education in the new curriculum

Up until April 2018, Gwynedd Council commissioned GwE (School Effectiveness and Improvement Service) to support Gwynedd SACRE meetings and to represent Gwynedd SACRE in regional and national meetings. In March 2018, the Gwynedd SACRE clerk was notified that GwE would no longer be providing professional support to Gwynedd SACRE.

What are SACRE's recommendations to Gwynedd Council?

 Ensure that Gwynedd SACRE receives appropriate support and strategic leadership to discharge its duties as a statutory committee

2.5 Religious Education and the Welsh Government

The Welsh Government has published and distributed guidance documents to support RE teachers:

- http://wales.gov.uk > search for Religious Education
- The National Exemplar Framework for Religious Education in Wales (2008)
- Religious Education: Guidance for KS2 and KS3 (2011)
- Exemplar Pupils Profiles at KS2 an KS3 in Religious Education: Supplementary Guidance (2011)
- Religious Education: Guidance for 14-19 year old learners (2009)
- People, Questions and Beliefs: Religious Education in the Foundation Phase (2013)
- Religious Education: Chief Moderator's Report 2012 (http://cbac.co.uk)

Curriculum for Wales

- During 2014-15, Professor Graham Donaldson was commissioned to undertake an independent review of the curriculum and assessment arrangements in Wales.
- The Wales Association of SACRES (WASACRE) is represented on the Welsh Government's Strategic Stakeholders Group and representatives from the National Advisory Panel for Religious Education (NAPfRE) have attended meetings during the year with representatives from the Welsh Government's Curriculum Department as they support the pioneer schools and develop a Curriculum for Wales.
- Gwynedd SACRE responded to the Welsh Government Consultation on: "Guidance on the Design and Delivery of Mandatory Religion Values and Ethics"

SACRE's recommendation to Gwynedd Council

- Ensure that teachers are aware of the 'what matters' statements for the Humanities Area of Learning and Experience. RE teachers are aware of the guidance documents available and act on the guidance.
- Encourage Gwynedd religious education teachers and SACRE members to contribute fully to any review of the curriculum and assessment arrangements.

2.6 Religious Education and ESTYN

Gwynedd SACRE recommends the following resources to RE teachers and head teachers:

- www.estyn.org.uk;
- Religious Education in Secondary Schools (ESTYN, June 2013);
- Supplementary Guidance: collective worship in non-denominational schools (ESTYN, October 2017);
- Religious Education in Key stage 2 and Key stage 3 (ESTYN, June 2018)

SACRE's recommendations to Gwynedd Council

 Ensure that schools and secondary RE teachers are aware of the findings of the ESTYN report and act on the recommendations.

2.7 SACRE's function in relation to collective worship

Welsh Office Circular 10/94 notes that the LEA should work with SACRE to keep an eye on the daily collective worship provision, and should consider with it any steps which may be taken to improve such provision.

The collective worship must be "of a broadly Christian character". The "determination" procedure permits the suspension of these requirements in relation to some or all of the pupils in a school where they are deemed inappropriate. .

- SACRE members and Gwynedd schools have received collective worship guidance documents:
 - 'Supplementary guidance for inspecting collective worship in non-denominational schools' (ESTYN, October 2017);
 - Guidance on Collective Worship (WASACRE, June 2013).
- Gwynedd SACRE monitors standard of collective worship in schools by reviewing schools' self-evaluation reports;
- No self-evaluation reports were received in 2020-2021 as no school was asked to prepare one.

Determinations

There was no request from any school for a determination in relation to collective worship

SACRE's Recommendations to Gwynedd Council

 Ensure that schools conform to the statutory requirement for collective worhsip and provide quality collective worship sessions;

SECTION 3: ANNEXES

3.1 Administrative matters in relation to SACRE

SACRE was established by **Gwynedd Education Committee in 1996 to include**:

Christians and Other Faiths, namely,

- The Methodist Church
- The Union of Welsh Baptists
- The Presbyterian Church of Wales
- The Church in Wales
- Union of Welsh Independents
- The Catholic Church

Teachers, namely;

- The Association of School and College Leaders (ASCL)
- National Union of Teachers in Wales (UCAC)
- National Association of Schoolmasters and Union of Women Teachers (NASUWT)
- National Union of Teachers (NUT)
- Association of Teachers and Lecturers (ATL)
- National Association of Head Teachers (NAHT)

Elected members

3.2 SACRE membership of Gwynedd 2020-21

Christians and Other Religions

The Methodist Church Union of Welsh Baptists Presbyterian Church of Wales

Church in Wales

Union of Welsh Independents

The Catholic Church

Buddism **Humanists** Awaiting nomination Elizabeth Roberts Dr. W Gwyn Lewis Anest Grey Frazer **Cynrig Hughes**

Eirian Bradley Roberts Dashu (Scott Smith) **Edward Parri-Jones**

Teachers' representatives

ASCL UCAC

NASUWT NUT

ATL

AM wee to wheat known (this gol Eifionydd)

Catherine Davey (Ysgol Llanystumdwy)

Miriam Amlyn (Ysgol Eifionydd) Heledd Owen (Ysgol Friars)

Awaiting nomination

Mr Noel Dyer Mrs Miriam Amlyn Mr Euron Hughes awaiting nomination

Local Members

Councillor Paul Rowlinson Councillor E Selwyn Griffiths Councillor Elin Walker Councillor Menna Baines Councillor Judith Humphreys Councillor Medwyn Hughes Councillor Dewi Wyn Roberts Councillor Mike Stevens

Plaid Cymru Plaid Cymru Plaid Cymru Plaid Cymru Plaid CYmru Independent Independent Independent

Co-opted members (non voting)

Gwyn Rhydderch **Rev Aled Davies**

Officers

Garem Jackson Mair Huws

Head of Education Department

Assistant education resources officer and

SACRE clerk

Democratic Services officer Einir Davies

3.3 SACRE meetings 2020-21

SACRE met once only:

11 November 2020

5 February 2020 (postponed)

** June 2020 (cancelled)

Due to the COVID-19 crisis that began in March 2020 the Gwynedd Council Business Group decided to prioritise committees for hosting and webcasting. The Business Group took the decision to place SACRE along with a number of other Committees in Priority 3 category and therefore it was not possible to meet until the Autumn Term of 2020.

The following matters were discussed and further details are provided in the minutes and the main body of the report:

a) 11 November 2020

- Experiences of both pupils and teachers during the Lockdown period were shared,
- WASACRE matters: reference was made to a letter sent to schools regarding collective worship
- The situation regarding GCSE and A/AS levels was considered. It was decided the a letter expressing concern be sent to the Education portfolio holder for Gwynedd Council and Siân Gwenllïan

b) 10 February 2021

A further discussion was had regarding Collective Worship

c) 8 June 2021

- The Future of Bangor University's Religious Education Centre an update was given by Proffesor G Evans Jones and further collaboration was agreed
- Co-opting Pupils onto the SACRE committee was discussed and it was agreed to form a working group
- A report was received on the response to the Welsh Government Consultation; " Guidance on the Design and Delivery
- **3.3.1** Gwynedd SACRE has affiliated with the Wales Association of SACREs and its members regularly attend meetings held by WASACRE.

3.3.2 The following provide SACRE with professional support:

Garem Jackson Head of Education Department

Mair Huws Assistant education improvement officer and SACRE clerk

Einir Davies Democratic Services Officer

Enquiries should be sent to the SACRE Clerk at the Education Department, Gwynedd Council, Caernarfon, Gwynedd. LL55 1SH

3.3.3 The SACRE report was sent to the following organisations:

Electronic copies of the annual report were distributed to the following:

- Department for Education and Skills, Welsh Government
- Head of Gwynedd's Education Department
- Gwynedd Council Leader
- Wales Association of SACREs
- Gwynedd schools

A copy was distributed to:

• Members of Gwynedd SACRE

3.4 Template used by Gwynedd SACRE for a school's self-evaluation of standards in religious education How can SACRE monitor standards?

Standing Advisory Council for Religious Education (SACRE)

SACRE's main function is to monitor religious education and collective worship and to advise the local authority on matters relating to religious education and collective worship. The Wales Association of SACREs believes that this advice should be based on current information. Many SACREs monitor standards by inviting schools to share their self-evaluation of Religious Education and collective worship with SACRE members.

Further Information:

- Wales Association of SACREs: <u>www.wasacre.org.uk</u>
- Religious Education and Collective Worship: Circular 10/94 (Welsh Office)
- So You're Joining Your Local SACRE: a handbook for SACRE members in Wales (WASACRE)
- Guidance on Collective Worship (WASACRE, 2012);
- Review of SACRE reports (Welsh Government, 2011 and 2013)

Department for Education and Skills Wales (DfES)

Most SACREs in Wales have adopted or adapted the 'National Exemplar Framework for Religious Education for 3 to 19 year olds in Wales' as their locally agreed syllabus. The Welsh Government has supported the teaching of religious education in schools by providing guidance documents to support teachers, head teachers and SACRE members. These provide useful information about teaching methods, resources and assessment. The 2010-12 national external verification process gave RE departments in secondary schools the opportunity to show their understanding of RE attainment levels.

Further information

- http://wales.gov.uk > search for Religious Education
- Locally Agreed Syllabus (or National Exemplar Framework for Religious education in Wales)
- Religious Education: Guidance for KS2 and KS3 (2011)
- Exemplifying Learner Profiles at KS2 and KS3 in Religious Education: Additional Guidance (2011)
- Religious Education: Guidance 14-19 year olds (2009)
- People, Questions and Beliefs in the Foundation Phase (2013)
- Religious Education: Chief Moderator's Report 2012 (http://wjec.co.uk)

ESTYN

The new ESTYN inspection framework identifies five inspection areas or reporting requirements:

- Standards
- 2. Wellbeing and attitudes to learning

- 3. Teaching and learning experience
- 4. Care, support and guidance
- 5. Leadership and management

Few school inspection reports include references to the standard and quality of Religious Education and collective worship.

Further information:

- www.estyn.org.uk
- Religious Education in Secondary Schools (ESTYN, June 2013)
- Religious and moral education in key stage 2 and key stage 3 (ESTYN, Summer 2018)
- Supplementary guidance: collective worship in non-denominational schools (ESTYN, Autumn 2017)

What evidence do schools use in order to make judgements?

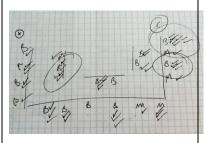
Book Review



Teachers will collect a sample of pupils' work (e.g. range of abilities, ages, boys and girls) and will help the curriculum leader to answer questions such as:

- What progress are pupils making in their RE skills? Are there groups of pupils who are underachieving?
- To what extent does pupils' work reflect the requirements of the Locally Agreed Syllabus?
- To what extent does pupils' work develop the skills identified by the National Literacy, Numeracy and Digital Competence frameworks?
- What improvements do we need to make to our planning, provision and assessment of religious education?

Lesson Observation



Teachers and school leaders will observe lessons and will help the curriculum leader to answer questions such as:

- What progress are pupils making in their RE skills? Are there groups of pupils who are underachieving?
- Are the pupils well motivated? Are they contributing to their own learning?
- Does the work reflect the requirements of the Locally Agreed Syllabus?
- Does the work develop the skills identified by National Literacy, Numeracy Digital Competence framework?
- What improvements do we need to make to our planning, provision and assessment?

Questionnaires and interviews



Schools can analyse the results of questionnaires used with pupils, teachers and parents to answer questions such as:

- What do they think about the content of the RE lessons? Are there significant groups who are offering different opinions?
- What progress are they making in their RE skills?
- What are their perceptions/attitudes/opinions?
- What improvements do we need to make to our planning, provision and assessment of religious education?

 Schools can use teacher assessment data or external examination results (secondary schools only) in order to identify trends or patterns.

- How well are boys/girls/groups performing over time? (all schools)
- How well are our pupils performing in comparison with other departments/other schools? (secondary schools only)
- Are there any groups of pupils who are underachieving? (all schools)
- What improvements do we need to make to our planning, provision and assessment of religious education?

Other





Newyddion **Addysg Grefyddol Religious Education** News Schools can also base their judgements on other evidence such as,

- Success in local or national RE competitions;
- Participation in local or national RE events/conferences/projects/publications;
- Monitoring reports by other members of staff, e.g. school literacy, numeracy or ICT co-ordinators;
- Minutes of meetings held with teachers, school governors or SACRE visitors.
- Action research undertaken by a member of a Professional Learning Community;
- External accreditation, e.g. RE Quality Mark

SACRE Guidance

To what extent does the school's provision promote pupils' personal development? (Inspection area 4.2)

Evaluating the standards and provision of religious education will help schools evaluate inspection area 4.2, 'Personal development (including spiritual, moral, social and cultural development).

ESTYN's inspection guidance (September 2017) for social and moral development notes:

"Inspectors should consider the extent to which the school provides effective opportunities for pupils to develop secure values and to establish their spiritual and ethical beliefs. They should consider how well the school develops pupils' ability to reflect on religious and non-religious responses to fundamental questions and to reflect on their own beliefs or values. They should consider how well the school promotes principles that help pupils to distinguish between right and wrong. They should consider how far the school fosters shared values, such as honesty, fairness, justice and sustainability, and helps pupils to understand the needs and rights of others, both locally and as members of a diverse alobal world."

Within the school's self-evaluation cycle or calendar, school leaders will need to consider what evidence is available to them in order to make an evaluative judgment on Inspection Areas 4.2. Religious Education and collective worship can make important contributions to pupils' personal development.

The following exemplar questions are based on ESTYN's Common Inspection Framework (September 2017) and the questions used by ESTYN during the thematic review of religious education during the autumn term of 2017. Using these prompt questions with staff, governors, pupils and their Supporting Improvement Adviser, will enable schools to identify strengths and weaknesses to help them to plan improvements. There is no need to answer every question.

Inspection Area 1: Standards

Remember to use qualitative and evaluative language and include 'real' examples of pupils' work!

- What is our view on standards of religious education in our school? (FP, KS2, KS3, KS4, KS5 pupils)
- How well do our pupils engage with fundamental questions, explore religious beliefs, teachings and practice(s) and express
 personal responses to beliefs, teachings, practices and fundamental questions?
- How well do groups of pupils make progress in religious education? What have we identified in their work that shows their progress?
- How well do our pupils use their speaking and listening, reading and writing skills, their numeracy and ICT skills appropriately in religious education?
- Give examples of how our pupils have developed their thinking skills, their creativity and physical skill in religious education activities in the classroom and outside the classroom.
- What do we need to do differently in order to improve?

Inspection Area 2: Wellbeing and attitudes to learning

Remember to use qualitative and evaluative language and include 'real' examples of pupils' work!

- Do our pupils show an interest in religious education?
- What do you think our pupils gain from religious education?
- What do we need to do differently in order to improve?

Inspection Area 3: Teaching and learning experience

Remember to use qualitative and evaluative language and include 'real' examples of the provision. Time allocated to religious education? % of pupils that choose Religious Studies as an option? % of pupils who attain an accreditation for their statutory religious education.

- How do we know that our school meets the statutory requirements for religious education?
- How does our school teach religious education?
- Does religious education succeed to engage our pupils' interest? Are they stimulated and challenged in their religious education lessons?
- How well do the lessons/activities develop pupils' knowledge and understanding of religious beliefs, teachings and practices as well as their subject skills and cross-curricular skills?
- How good is our planning for religious education? (building on previous knowledge, understanding and skills? clear objectives? teaching methods? resources?)

- To what extend does the feedback in religious education help our pupils to know what they have achieved and what they need to do to improve?
- How do we assess and track the progress of pupils in religious education?
- How does our planning for religious education help pupils to become ambitious, confident, aspirational and knowledgeable individuals? How are we responding to the recommendations of 'Successful Futures'?
- To what extend does our school provide a range of appropriate learning experiences, within the classroom and outside, in order to develop pupils' interest and skills in religious education?
- Have we organised any trips or visits linked to religious education? Which year groups, how often, and how do these trips enhance the curriculum?
- Does the religious education reflect the nature of our school's context? Does it reflect the cultural, linguistic and ethnic diversity of Wales and the local area?
- To what extend do the religious education activities provide purposeful opportunities for pupils to practise and develop their RE skills and their literacy, numeracy and ICT skills?
- What do we need to do differently in order to improve?

Inspection Area 4: Care, support and guidance

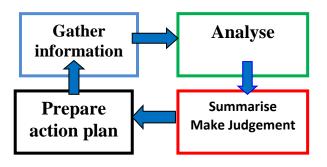
Remember to use qualitative and evaluative language and include 'real' examples of the provision.

- To what extent do our religious education lessons/activities help our pupils to be active citizens?
- How do our pupils influence what and how they learn in religious education?
- Do we participate in any community activities or have links with any faith leaders or organisations?
- How does religious education contribute to our pupils' understanding of the culture of Wales, the local community and the wider world?
- How has religious education helped our pupils to understand equality and diversity? Stereotypes, religious extremism, human rights?
- Which effective opportunities do the school offer pupils to develop certain values and establish their spiritual and ethical beliefs?
- How effective is our school at developing the pupils' ability to reflect on (extensive) fundamental questions from a religious or non-religious perspective? Their own beliefs or values?
- Does our school meet the statutory requirements regarding collective worship?
- How good is the collective worship? How well do we plan the collective worship over time?
- How do we keep our pupils safe from the dangers of radicalisation, e.g. extremist material, either through visiting speakers or through speakers on site visits?
- How do we respond to any concerns that arise about comments made by pupils during religious education lessons?
- What do we need to do differently in order to improve?

Inspection Area 5: Leadership and management

- Has the RE subject leader the necessary skills and understanding to lead the religious education effectively?
- Are teachers able to access professional development in religious education?
- How do we allocate resources to support the teaching of religious education?
- How are parents informed of their right to withdraw pupils from RE? How many pupils are withdrawn from RE by their parents and does the school have good arrangements for their provision during RE lessons? Has this number increased/decreased/remained the same over the last 5 years? From what groups do these pupils come? Do you have a conversation with parents around their decision is taken?
- In what ways does our school's provision for RE help promote better community cohesion?
- How often do we monitor religious education? How do we share this information with staff?
- Do we consider the views of pupils in the self-evaluation report and improvement plans?
- Do we work with RE teachers from other schools? What has been the impact of this?
- What is the 'best example of religious education' that we can share with our local SACRE or with other teachers?
- What do we need to do differently in order to improve?

How can SACREs monitor standards?



How can SACRE gather information?

- By asking schools to submit information and self evaluation.
- By commissioning an 'expert' to visit a sample of schools and provide a termly report;
- By visiting schools themselves;
- By asking pupils, staff, governors in a sample of schools to complete an online questionnaire;
- By studying external examination results and KS3 teacher assessments, (secondary schools only)

What sources are available in your area?

- An evaluation of schools' self evaluation reports;
- An evaluation of schools' policies, schemes of work, development or improvement plans;
- Performance data: KS3 teacher assessments, GCSE, AS and A level results;
- Reports submitted by SACRE members following school visits;
- An evaluation of questionnaires submitted by learners, staff, governors, SACRE/WASACRE members or governors;
- Presentations by learners, teachers, co-ordinators, headteachers;
- Success in competitions or external accreditation schemes.

Numbers - quantities and proportions

nearly all = with very few exceptions

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{most} & = 90\% \text{ or more} \\ \text{many} & = 70\% \text{ or more} \\ \text{a majority} & = \text{over } 60\% \\ \text{half} & = 50\% \end{array}$

around half = close to 50% a minority = below 40% few = below 20% very few = less than 10%

Who contributes to the monitoring?

- Teachers and members of schools' SM Teams
- SACRE members
- Local Authority / Consortia officers
- Teachers identified as lead practitioners
- Pupils
- Governors
- Parents

Excellent Very strong, sustained performance and practice Strong features, although minor aspects may require improvement successful, strong, skilful, worthwhile, beneficial, valuable, outstanding, very good, very strong, exceptional, superior, exemplary, superb, very high standard, very high quality, positive, thorough, useful, powerful, comprehensive, extensive, highly effective, highly creative, well above purposeful, used well, consistently good, effective expectations, expertly done, Adequate and needs improvement Unsatisfactory and needs urgent improvement Strengths outweigh weaknesses, but important aspects Important weaknesses outweigh strengths require improvement satisfactory, appropriate, suitable, efficient, competent, insufficient, inefficient, none, no, inappropriate, ineffective, unsuitable, unable, weak, poor, not fit for purpose, restricted relevant, sufficient, enough, valid, solid, sound, average mediocre, limited, inconsistent

Useful words and phrases

Xxx has led to...

As a result of xxx standards of xxx have increased xx% since xxx Following the introduction of xxx, xxx has improved, as shown by... xxx shows that standards of xxx have ...

The effect of xxx can be seen in xxx which shows that...

An improvement in xxxx can be seen in...

The influence of XXX can be seen in the improvement/progress.....

XXXXX shows that x% of the pupils can/have...

XXX shows that x% of the parents/staff/governors are/have....

What should be included?

- The effect of an intervention on (standards, welfare, attitudes, provision).
- **Trends** over time
- **Comparison** with other schools (?)
- **Judgement** using evaluative terms.
- Quantify whenever possible

d

- Refer to: groups of pupils
- For further guidance, refer to the Locally Agreed Syllabus (National Exemplar Framework), Welsh Government Guidance: People, Questions and Beliefs (2013), Guidance and Exemplar Profiles for KS2 and KS3 (2011), 14-19 (2009), SACRE Guidance, Examiners' reports.

Notes:

The standard attained by our pupils in religious education is JUDGEMENT

Inspection Area 2: Wellbeing and attitudes towards learning about religious education

- What do you think our pupils gain from religious education?
- Use pupils' work, an analysis of a RE questionnaire, minutes of meetings held by focus groups/School Council meeting.
- For further guidance, refer to the Supplementary Guidance: listening to learners (ESTYN, September 2017)

Notes:

Our pupils have a JUDGEMENT attitude towards religious education in our school.

Inspection Area 3: Teaching and learning experience in Religious Education

How good is the planning and teaching of religious education in our school? Give examples of rich learning experiences in religious education.

- Use learning walks, lesson observation, pupils' work, interviews with pupils.
- For further guidance, refer to the Locally Agreed Syllabus (National Exemplar Framework); Welsh Government Guidance: People, Questions and Beliefs (2013), Guidance and Exemplar Profiles for KS2 and KS3 (2011), 14-19 (2009), SACRE Guidance, Examiners' reports, Religious Education in secondary schools (ESTYN, Summer 2013), Religious and moral education in KS2 and KS3 (ESTYN, Summer 2018).

Notes:

The standard of teaching of religious education in our school is JUDGEMENT

Inspection Area 4: Care, support and guidance in Religious Education To what extent do religious education lessons and activities help our pupils to become active citizens?

- Use learning walks, interviews with pupils, collective worship programme, school newsletter, records of any hate crime/bullying.
- For further guidance refer to SACRE Guidance, Guidance on collective worship (WASACRE), Supplementary guidance: collective worship in non-denominational schools (ESTYN, September 2017), Supplementary guidance: listening to learners (ESTYN, September 2017).

Notes:

Does the school meet the statutory requirements for collective worship?

Yes

No

The contribution of religious education towards our pupils' personal development and community cohesion is JUDGEMENT.

Inspection area 5: Leadership and management in religious education Does the subject leader for religious education have the necessary skills and understanding to lead the subject area effectively?

- Use schemes of work, monitoring and self-evaluation reports, data analysis, interviews with the co-ordinator/link governor/SACRE representative, minutes of staff meetings, improvement plans, an evaluation of progress, case study following a school-to-school project.
- For further guidance, refer to SACRE guidance

Notes:

Leadership and management of religious education in our school is JUDGEMENT

Improvement matters	Actions to be taken	Who is	By when?
		responsible?	
		These details need not be	
		shared with SACRE but the	
		school needs to ensure that	
		accountability is clear to staff	
		and governors.	

A concise evaluation that will contribute towards the school's evaluation of Personal Development (4.2) Concise! Approximately 50 words.

Head teacher:	
Signature:	
Date:	



3.6: Gwynedd SACRE Action Plan 2017-20

Gwynedd SACRE Annual Report 2017-18 and the discussions held during 2018-19	Action points 2017-18 LA (Local authority) PS (Professional support – Subject Advisor) SM (SACRE members)	Evidence	Outcomes	
Curriculum for Wales Humanities Area of Learning and Experience "What Matters' statements	 Ensure that head teachers, teachers, governors and SACRE meetings are aware of the requirements of the Curriculum for Wales (PS – Subject Advisor) Contribute to local discussions to plan learning experiences that reflect the 'what matters' statements of the Humanities Area of Learning and Experience (LA+PS+SM) Represent Gwynedd in and National discussions relevant to developing the new curriculum and assessment arrangements) (LA+PS+SM) Develop a locally Agreed Syllabus for Gwynedd schools that reflects the principles of the Curriculum for Wales Keep a note of hours of Religious Education lessons in Secondary Schools. 	 Minutes of SACRE meetings Minutes of WASACRE meetings Gwynedd SACRE correspondence and guidance to schools Gwynedd Locally Agreed Syllabus Examples of good practice 	 A locally Agreed Syllabus which reflects the principles of the Curriculum for Wales Religious Education given due consideration as schools revise the curriculum and assessment arrangements. The provision of religious education in all schools is good or very good. Standard of religious education in all schools is good or very good. Ensure that Religious Education is fairly represented within the Humanities Area of Learning and Experience. 	3 3
Promote good quality collective worship	 Ensure that schools conform to the statutory requirements and provide good quality collective worship. (LA+SM) Encourage schools to invite Gwynedd SACRE members o attend collective worship sessions. (SM) 	 Correspondence to schools Oral reports of SACRE members References to collective worship in ESTYN reports. 	 ESTYN reports note that collective worship is good. All schools conform to the statutory requirements Improved understanding to collective worship in schools. 	(i) (ii) (iii) (ii
Professional support for Gwynedd SACRE	Contact GwE to highlight the need for professional support by a subject advisor for Gwynedd SACRE.	 Correspond Gwynedd SACRE minutes 	Subject Advisor who is well-informed on the new CfW and all that is current within Religious Education in the primary and secondary sector; in order that standards can be maintained and improved in Gwynedd.	